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Efficacy of targeted supradose cisplatin and concomitant radiation therapy for advanced head and neck cancer: The Memphis experience

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Abstract

Purpose/Objective: To evaluate the feasibility, response, and toxicity of a Phase II study using targeted supradose cisplating and concurrent radiation therapy in unresectable Stage IIIâ€"I V head and neck squamous cell carcinoma.

Methods and Materials: Sixty patients presenting betnween 693–994 were enrolled, 44 (73%) of whom had T4 and/or N2â€"N3 nodal disease. All patients were treated with rapid targeted superselective intraarterial infusions of cisplatin (150 mg/m 2 weekly \tilde{A} — 4) Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/SVG/jax.js ravenously (9 g/m²) for systemic neutralization

of cisplatin. Concurrent (day 1) daily radiation therapy was delivered to the primary tumor and overt nodal disease to 66–74 Gy while the uninvolved lower neck received 50 Gy, at 2.0 Gy/fraction.

Results: Fifty-one (85%) patients completed the full RADPLAT protocol as planned. Fifty-seven of 60 patients were evaluable for response. Histological (n = 50) or clinical (n = 7) assessment of primary site revealed a complete response (CR) in 52 patients, partial response (PR) in 4, and stable disease (SD) in 1. Of the 40 patients presenting with nodal metastases, pathological (n = 31) or clinical (n = 6) assessment revealed a CR in 25, PR in 11, and SD in 1, while 3 were unevaluable. Overall, for both primary site and nodal disease, CR was attained in 44 (75%), PR in 12 (23%), and SD in 1 (2%) of the 57 evaluable patients. Only 2 (4%) of 57 evaluable patients have recurred above the clavicle, 1 in the primary site and 1 in the regional lymph nodes. Twelve patients (23%) have failed in distant sites. Grade IIIIV toxicity has included gastrointestinal in 6, hematologic in 6, mucosal in 12, vascular in 4, and neurological in 4 patients.

Conclusion: Concurrent radiation therapy and targeted supradose cisplatin (i.e., RADPLAT) can be safely delivered with high response rates and excellent loco-regional control in advanced Stage IIIIV head and neck squamous cell carcinoma.



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Keywords

Targeted supradose cisplatin; Concomitant radiation therapy; Head and neck cancer

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