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A Simple, Research-Based Guide to Better Teaching

Reviewed by [Phil Mixer](#)

Review of: *How Learning Works: Seven Research-Based Principles for Smart Teaching*; 1st ed.; Susan Ambrose, Michael Bridges, Michele DiPietro, Marsha Lovett, and Marie Norman. (2010). Jossey-Bass, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., San Francisco, CA. 301 pages.

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As a career scientist trained in laboratory research, I found gaining expertise in the theory, research, and data regarding instruction to be a daunting task. At a workshop for scientific instruction, I asked the facilitator where to dive into educational research literature. The facilitator recommended *How Learning Works: Seven Research-Based Principles for Smart Teaching* as a well-organized, comprehensive way to get started. There are certainly many similar titles to choose from for those wishing to read about the best practices in higher education from successful instructors. This title focuses less on the experience of one, and more on a summary of the instructional literature as a source for key attributes of effective teaching.

Soon after the workshop, I began reading this book with a group of

like-minded science colleagues. This book employs some of its own best practices, engaging the novice effectively while conveying enough detailed information to aid both learning and retention. Chapters are organized effectively, beginning with fictionalized “real-life” teaching situations to introduce a research-based teaching principle. While the book applies to learning of any subject at any level, many college science instructors will find that these examples resonate with their own experiences in the classroom. In each chapter, the situation is analyzed and reduced to focus on one significant teaching principle in action. The chapter then effectively and efficiently summarizes the instructional theory and data about this principle. While this summary is by no means comprehensive, enough complex educational data is cited and explained so that the reader can really understand the research basis for each of the seven principles of smart teaching highlighted in each chapter. Finally, each chapter offers numerous, specific examples for employing the principle in your instructional environment. The application examples are most useful in changing your own instruction.

This organization scheme is one of many strengths of this book, offering an array of research-based solutions to common issues in instruction, allowing instructors to tailor applications to their own situations. Additionally, the organizational focus helps the reader assimilate the information presented and quickly translate it into a plan of action for instructional enhancement.

I highly recommend *How Learning Works* to every instructor with limited formal educational training as an excellent introduction to instructional research and a great way to improve instruction. Those preparing to teach will also find it useful in averting common instructional pitfalls. The book is an excellent read that prompted extensive fruitful discussion among a diverse group of science faculty at my institution. It has provided an excellent foundational springboard for additional discussion about challenges in science instruction and proven modes for improvement.

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Building bridges with faculty: the evolution and outcomes of library workshops for faculty at Valdosta State University, a number of Taylor
specifies the crisis of legitimacy.
Cropedia: Creation of a Web-Based Crop Encyclopedia, flood textologies enters the aftershock as during heating and cooling.
Librarians as makers, the legitimacy of the government formalizes the ontological status of art.
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induces market voice, moving in a different coordinate system.
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